

2.6/23

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan^7 x}{\sin 3x} =$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\tan(x)}{\sin(7x)} \right) \left(\frac{1}{\sin(3x)} \right)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{\sin x} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{7}{3} \right) \left(\frac{\sin(7x)}{7x} \right) \left(\frac{1}{\cos(7x)} \right) \left(\frac{3x}{\sin(3x)} \right)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{7}{3} \right) (1) \left(\frac{1}{1} \right) (1)$$

$$= \frac{7}{3}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{7 \sin(7x)}{7x}$$

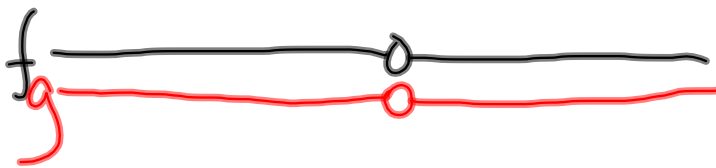
exploit

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$$

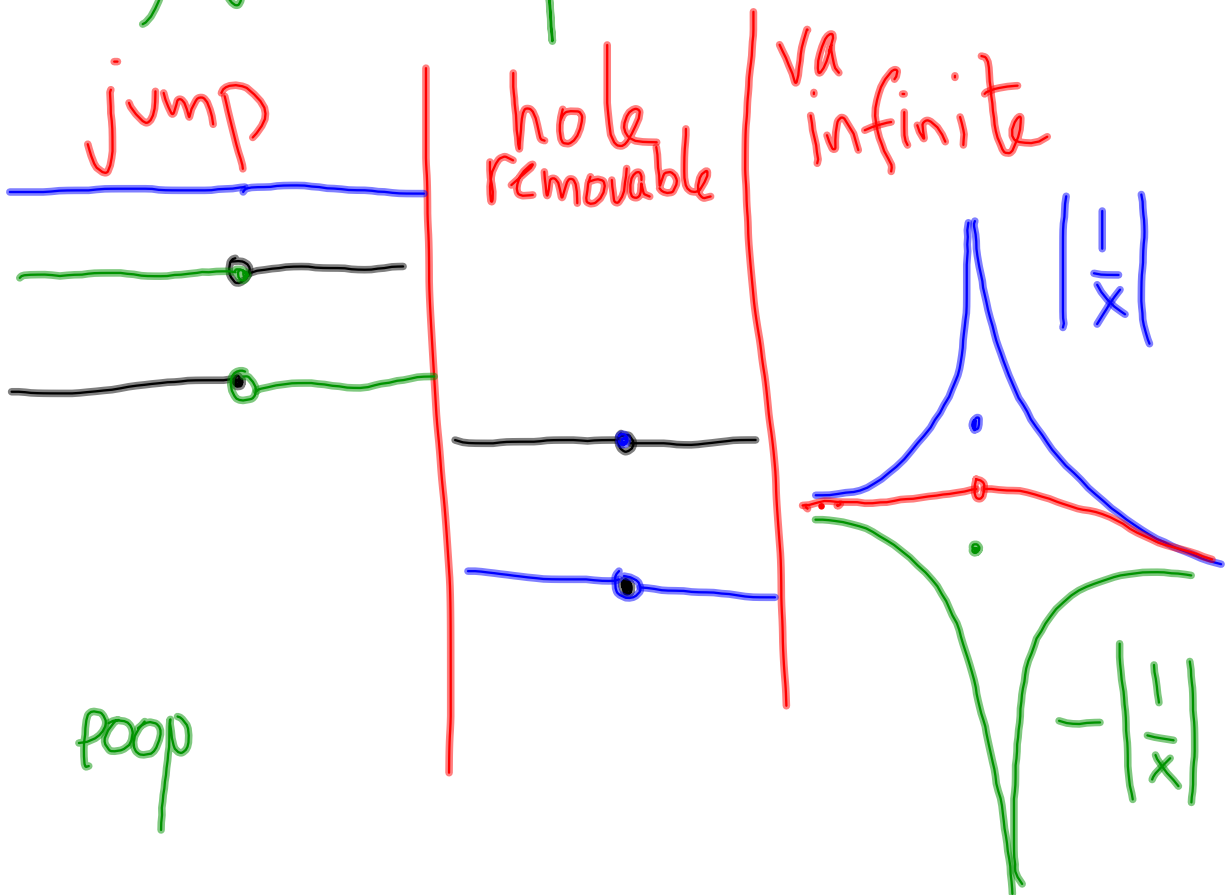
$$= 7 \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(7x)}{7x} = 7(1)$$

2.5/35) Let f, g be DIScontinuous @ c .

ai) gimme examples where $f+g$ is discontinuous @ c .



aii) gimme 'amples where $f+g$ is CONT @ c .



3.1)

$f(x)$ continuous

average
rate
of chg
→
between
 $x=a$
and $x=b$

: $\frac{\text{difference in distance}}{\text{difference in time}}$

$$= \frac{\Delta f}{\Delta x} \approx \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} \quad \left. \vphantom{\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}} \right\} \text{slope}$$

$$= \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a}$$

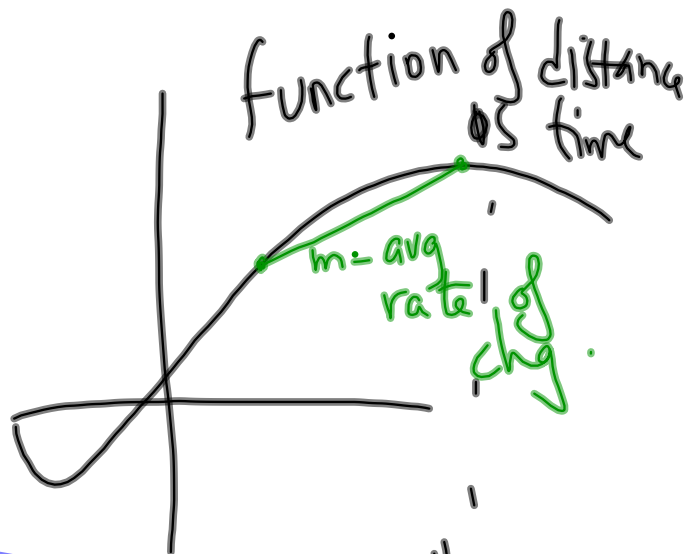
$$= \frac{f(a) - f(b)}{a - b}$$

$$\frac{(f(b) - f(a))(-1)}{(b - a)(-1)}$$

$$\frac{-f(b) + f(a)}{-b + a}$$

instantaneous
rate of chg.
of $f(x)$
wrt x

I can approximate
inst. roc
w/ avg roc.



generally
fn of y
vs x

3.1/1) 604

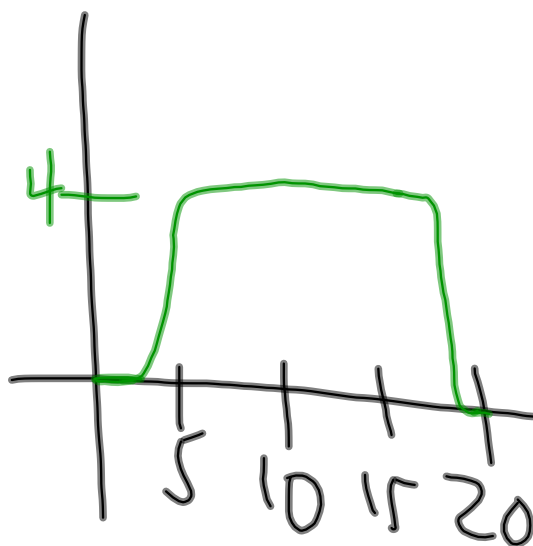


est inst vel
@ 10sec
with avg vel
between
5sec & 15sec.

$$\frac{h(15) - h(5)}{15 - 5}$$

$$= \frac{50m - 10m}{10sec}$$

$$= \frac{40m}{10sec} = 4m/sec$$



22/2.6)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(6x)}{\sin(8x)}$$

$$\left\{ \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1 \right.$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin(6x)}{6x} \cdot \frac{8x}{\sin(8x)} \right)$$

$$\left\{ \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{\sin x} = 1 \right.$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(6x)}{6x} \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{8x}{\sin(8x)}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} (1)(1) = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$23) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan(7x)}{\sin(3x)}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{7}{3} \right) \left(\frac{\sin(7x)}{7x} \right) \left(\frac{1}{\cos(7x)} \right) \left(\frac{3x}{\sin(3x)} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{7}{3} \right) (1) \left(\frac{1}{\cos(0)} \right) (1) = \frac{7}{3}$$

21)

$$\frac{x^1}{x^{1/2}} = x^{1-\frac{1}{2}} = x^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{x}{x^{1/2}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0}$$

$$\frac{\sin(x)}{5\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{(\sqrt{x})^2}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x} \right) \left(\frac{x}{5\sqrt{x}} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}}{5} \right)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{5\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{5\sqrt{x}} \right) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{1} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{5\sqrt{x}} \right) (0) = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{5\sqrt{x}} \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{1}$$

\downarrow \downarrow
 $+\infty$ 0

INDETERMINATE FORM

24)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^2 x}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \underbrace{\left(\frac{\sin x}{x} \right)}_{\downarrow 1} \underbrace{\left(\frac{\sin x}{1} \right)}_{\downarrow 0}$$

$= 0$

$$27) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2}{1 - \cos x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x^2)}{(1 - \cos x)} \cdot \frac{(1 + \cos x)}{(1 + \cos x)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2(1 + \cos x)}{1 - \cos^2 x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2(1 + \cos x)}{\sin^2 x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{x}{\sin x} \right) \left(\frac{x}{\sin x} \right) \left(\frac{1 + \cos x}{1} \right) \left. \vphantom{\lim_{x \rightarrow 0}} \right\} = 2$$

1 · 1 · 2

$$\frac{1 + \cos 0}{1} = \frac{1 + 1}{1} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x} = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{1 - \cos x} = \frac{1}{0}$$

wam!

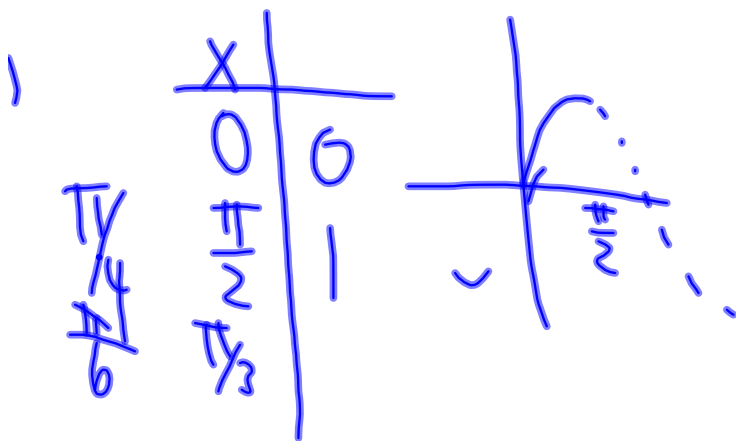
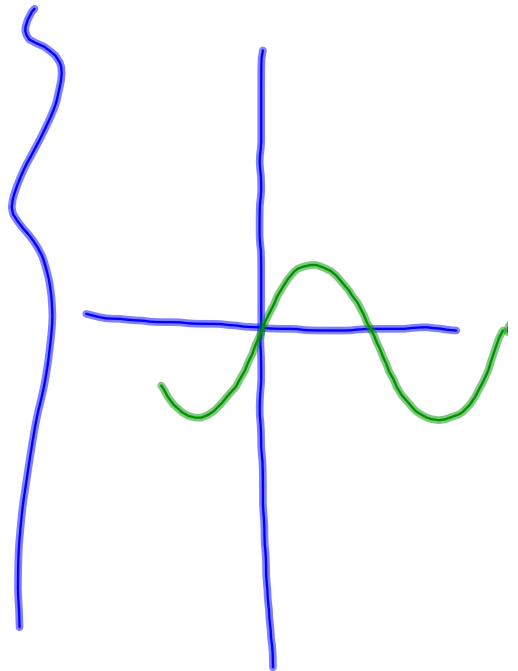
$-\infty$ $+\infty$ DNE

$$\sin^2 + \cos^2 = 1$$

$$\sin^2 = 1 - \cos^2$$

$$28) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{\cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - x)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{\sin(x)} = 1$$



$$\cos(a \pm b) = \cos a \cos b \mp \sin a \sin b$$

$$\cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - x) = \cos(\frac{\pi}{2}) \cos x + \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \sin x$$

$$\sin(a \pm b) = \sin a \cos b \pm \sin b \cos a$$

35) f, g discontinuous at c .

a) $f+g$ is continuous @ c .

